### Neuropsychology of the 20th and 21st Century



How North America, Spain, and Russia have led us astray in the development of neuropsychology

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Presented on October 17, 1999
 at the VI Congress of the
 Society for Latin American
 Neuropsychology at Varadero,
 Cuba

#### Overall Presentation

- Background
- Assumptions
- Russian Neuropsychology
- Spanish Neuropsychology
- North American
   Neuropsychology
- Common Variables
- Common Outcomes

### Overall Presentation (continued)

- Proposal for a Universal Neuropsychology
- Case Studies
- Why Here?
- Why Now?
- Summary, Directions,
   Conclusions, & Questions

#### I. Background

- Intended Goals
- Anticipated Limitations
- Context
  - Decade of the brain
  - Beginning of the new century
  - My own training,, experiences,
     and interests

#### II. Assumptions

- Defining the Discipline
- General History
- Anticipated Trajectory

### Assumptions: defining the discipline

- Defining by history
- Defining by purpose
- Defining by method & practice
- Defining by economics

#### III. Russian Neuropsychology

- General History
- Qualitative Approaches
- Quantitative Approaches

# Russian neuropsychology: history

- Sechenov
- Pavlov
- Vygotsky
- Luria
- Bechterev

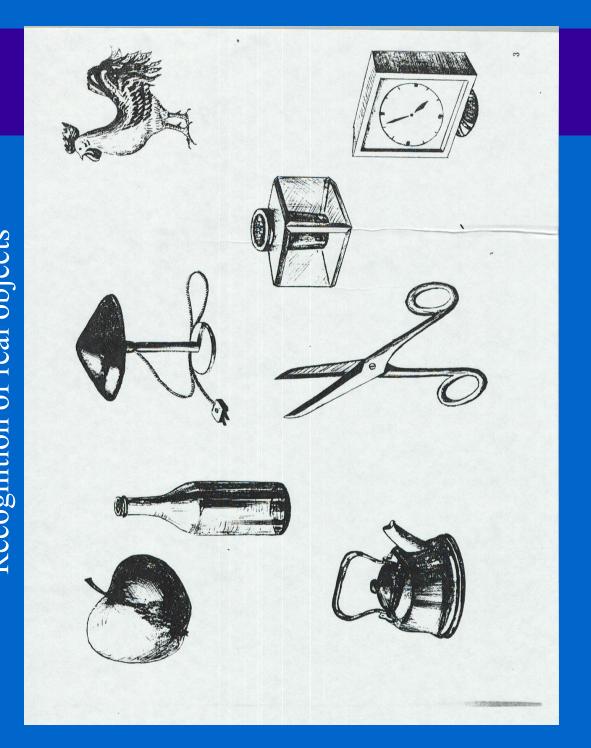
# Russian neuropsychology: Luria's theory

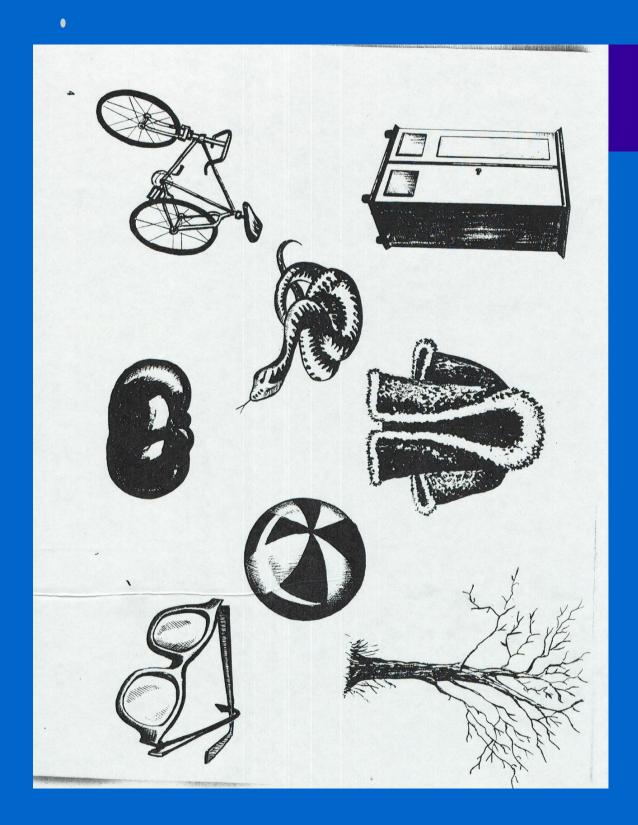
- Origins in cultural-historical context
- Systemic & dynamic localization of higher cortical functions
- Three (3) functional brain systems
- Syndrome analysis
- Romantic science

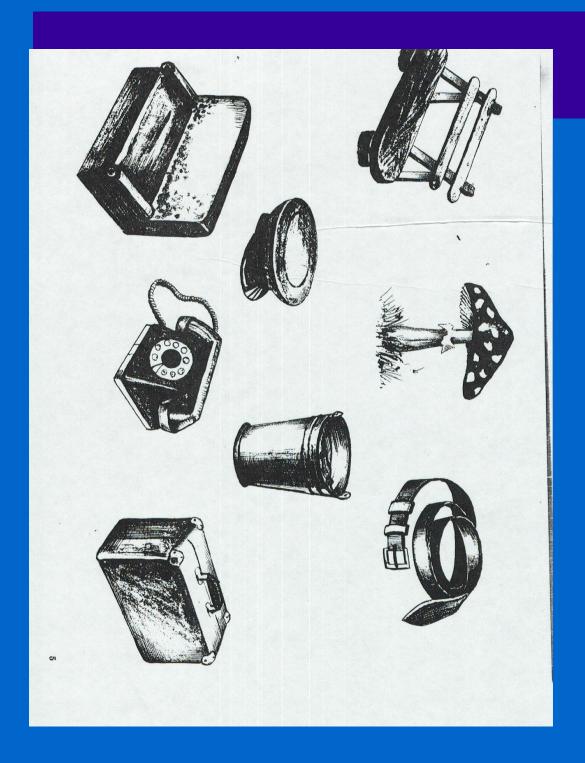
## Russian neuropsychology: Luria's tests

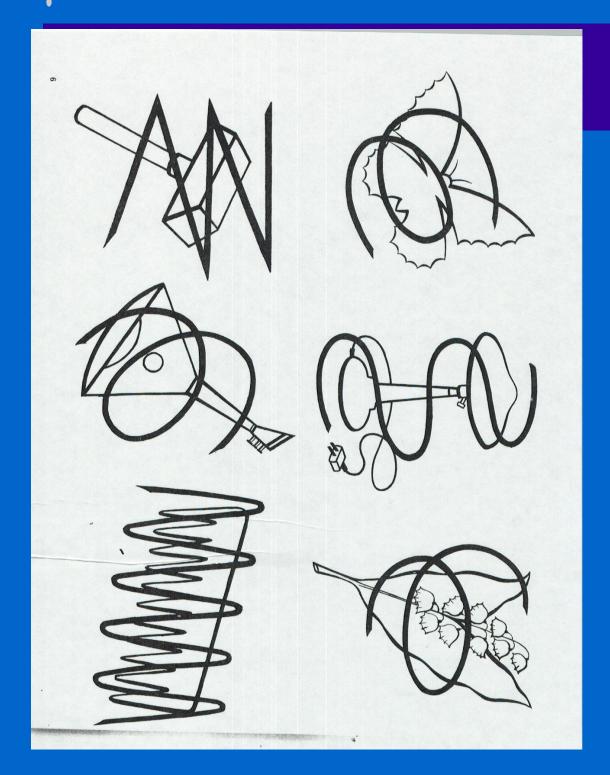
- Primarily qualitative
- Flexible and individual
- Samples of Luria's tests

# EVALUATION OF VISUAL PERCEPTION /GNOSIS Recognition of real objects



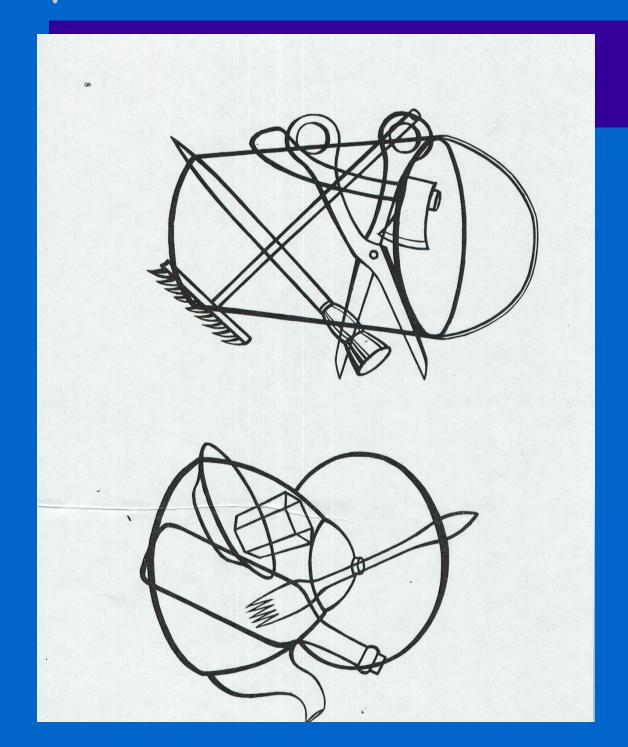






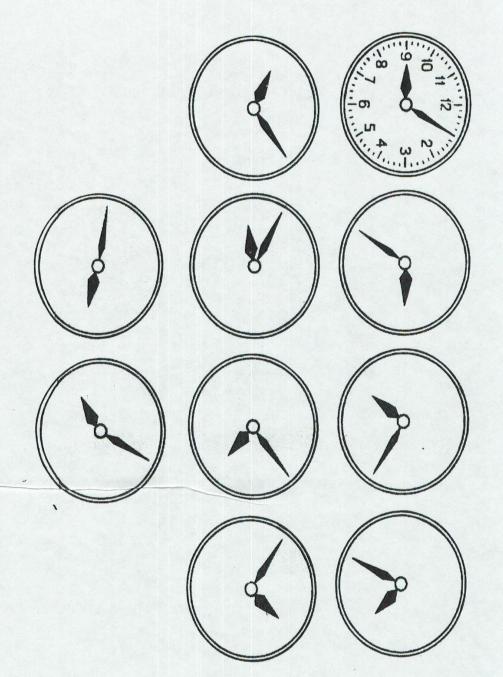
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# Optic-spatial perception / gnosis

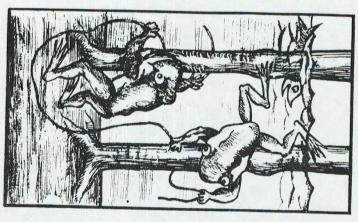
Reading time from a watch & schematic watch



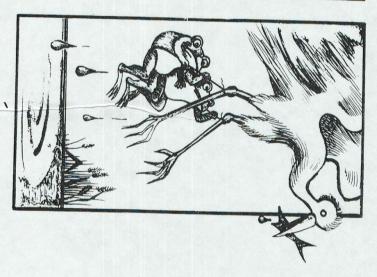
# EVALUATION OF INTELLECTUAL PROCESSES

# AND SPONTANEOUS SPEECH:

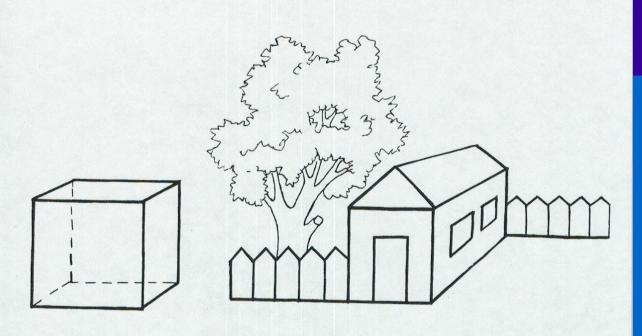
a story told from a series of pictures



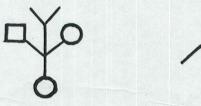


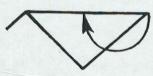


#### **CONSTRUCTIONAL PRAXIS**: copying, drawing

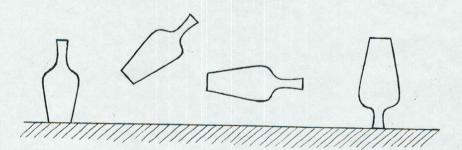


turning over





Test "A Bottle"

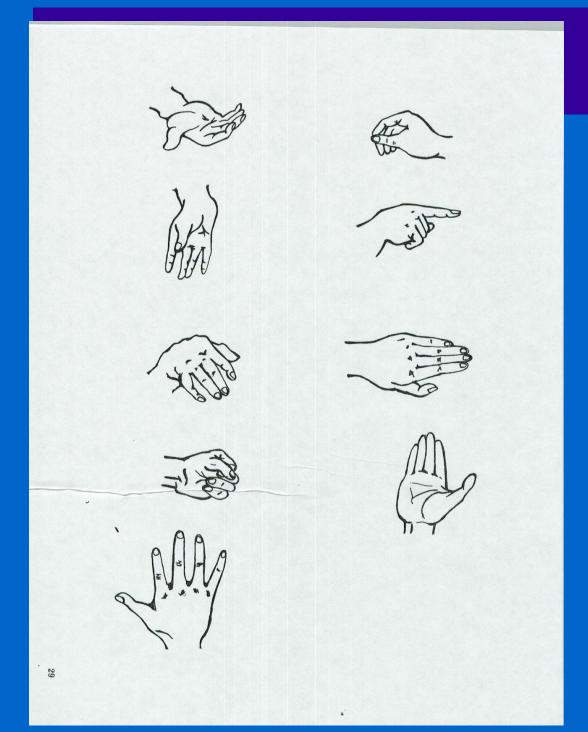


#### **EVALUATION OF VISUAL MEMORY**: memorization of series of figures

22

and groups of figures

# Left / right hand discrimination



# EVALUATION OF THE SYSTEM OF COMPUTATION

VI V IV VII X XI IX 103 1402 017

$$2+3=$$
 $8-4=$ 
 $9+5=$ 
 $41-17=$ 
 $63-27=$ 
 $12+6-2=$ 
 $10$ 
 $2=8$ 
 $10$ 
 $2=8$ 
 $10$ 
 $2=20$ 
 $10$ 
 $2=20$ 
 $10$ 
 $2=12$ 

40

# Performance on simple computational operations

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	1									١			١		
t	2	5	7	16	13	3	6	6	1		9		48	∞	6
;	×	6	14	14	5	19	5	9	14	4	6	24	184	9	
;	œ	3	24	15	7	20		∞		11	9	20	10	5	2
	9	2	7	7	2	5	13	4	9	7	5	35	4	2	∞
	00	3	5	7	6	13	11	3	14		œ		35	5	7
	16	9	7	4	5	20	10	2	20		9		11	w	14
	27	3	9	11	4	15	œ	1	9		15		5	S	_
	6	3	w	ယ	7	21	13	7	20	16	2	00		3	
	13	2	15	-	4	S	18	11	7		3			2	
`		9		2	9	18	8	00	_		2			7	
	17	∞	9	15	3	12	36	9	4	∞	1	7	4	7	28

#### EVALUATION OF INTELLECTUAL PROCESSES

#### Selection of analogies

#### **АНАЛОГИИ**

ложка	вилка
каша	масло, нож, тарелка, мясо, посуда
лошадь	корова
жеребенок	пастбище, рога, молоко, теленок, бы
ухо	зубы
слышать	видеть, лечить, рот, щетка, жевать
нож	стол
сталь	вилка, дерево, стул, пища, скатерть
ВОЛК	птица
пасть	воздух, клюв, соловей, яйцо, пение
дождь	мороз
зонтик	палка, холод, сапи, зима, шуба
яйцо	картофель
Скорлупа	курица, огород, капуста, суп, шелуха
1	
яблоня	капуста
сад	картошка, огород, цветы, кочан, борщ
хлеб	дерево
нож	вилка, пень, пила, лес, кора
собака	птица
лай	рычание, клюв, соловей, яйцо, пенис

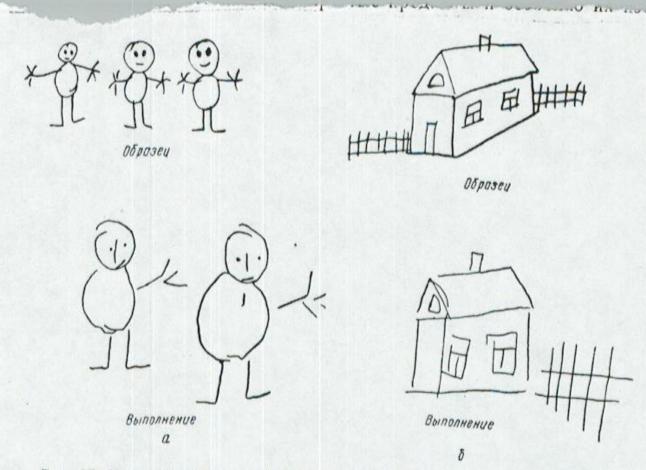
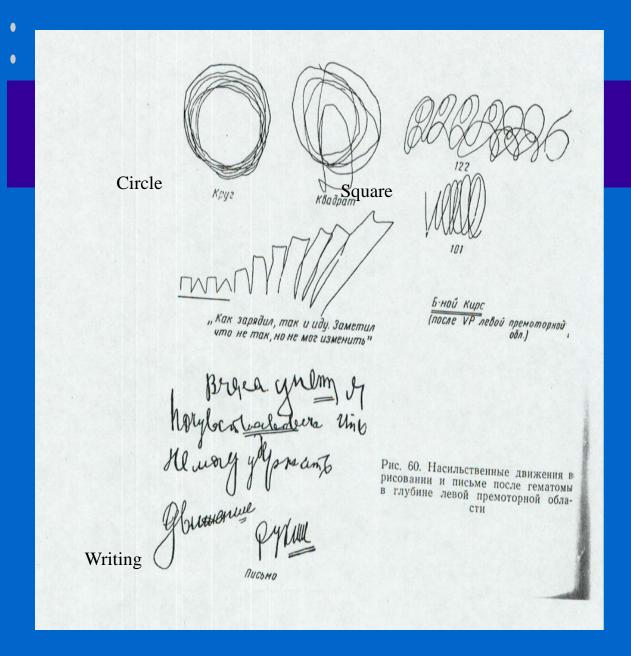


Рис. 37. Игнорирование левой стороны при воспроизведении изображения у больных с односторонней оптической агнозией (по Е. Н. Правдиной-Винарской):

а и б — Б-ной М.— опухоль правой теменно-загылочной области. В рисунках б-ного следует отметить игнорирование левой стороны изображения

Left-side ignoring during image recalling in patient with tumor of right parietal-occipital area.

**Luria**, A. R. (1962) Higher cortical functions in man and their disturbances in local brain lesions. Moscow University Press, Russia, p. 118.



Obsessive movements during drawing and writing in patient with hematoma of the left pre-motor area

**Luria, A. R.** (1962) Higher cortical functions in man and their disturbances in local brain lesions. Moscow University Press, Russia, p. 172

# Russian neuropsychology: current examples of Luria

- Homskaya
- Akhutina
- Mikadze
- Glozman

#### ПРОСТРАНСТВЕННЫЕ ПРЕДСТАВЛЕНИЯ ПРИ ОТКЛОНЯЮЩЕМСЯ РАЗВИТИИ

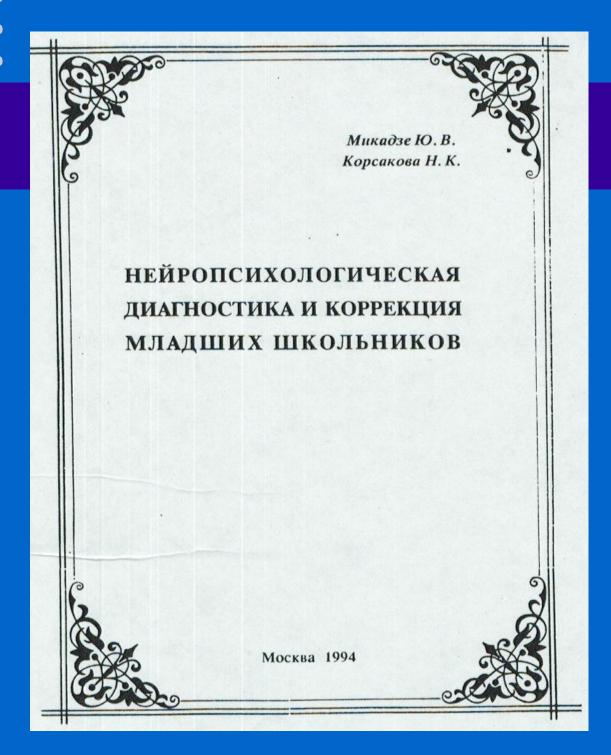
МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ РЕКОМЕНДАЦИИ К НЕЙРОПСИХОЛОГИЧЕСКОЙ ДИАГНОСТИКЕ

Москва, 1997

#### Spatial Representations in children with abnormal development

methodical recommendation to neuropsychological diagnostics

A.V. Semenovich, S.O. Umrihin



#### NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL DIAGNOSTICS AND CORRECTION OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL STUDENTS

Yu. V. Mikadze, N.K. Korsakova

#### Table of penalty-points for quantitative evaluation of memory in elementary school children

Приложение 3

#### Таблица начисления штрафных баллов

№№ предъявления стимульного	Количество допущенных ошибок														
материала	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Б			
2	1	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	A			
3	2	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	Л			
4	3	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	Л			
5	4	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	Ы			

#### Quantitative modal scales for verbal, visual and motor memory

#### Модальные шкалы I. Шкала слухоречевой памяти

												I	Iapa	аме	трь	1													
TECTЫ	эффек-	прочность	3 Устойчивость к интерферирующим воздействиям						Объем непоср. памяти	Регуляция и контроль			6 Устойчив. семантич. отнесенн.				7 Синтаг- матиза- ция				ни	oxp	8 ране торя	д-	9 Сохранение поряд ка II ти			Д-	
			ко	кол-во ошибок						кол. ош.			кол. ош.				SHORE	порядка	гагм		кол. ош.				ко	л. с	ш.		
E	балл	балл	1 воспр.	2 воспр.	3 воспр.	4 воспр.	5 воспр.	балл	балл	1 воспр.	2 восир.	3 воспр.	балл	воспр.	2 воспр.	восир.	сте9	кол, пропелов	сохр. пор	кол. синтагм	овлл	восшь.	восир.	воспр.	балл	воспр.	воспр.	восир.	си балл
Ia												(6)		-	-	3		-	0	-	1	-	2	8		-	7	3	
16																					1								
IB																				1	1								
Средняя оценка по всем тестам																													

Суммарный средний бал шкалы слухоречевой памяти

Приложение 4 (продолжение)

#### Модальные шкалы

#### II. Шкала зрительной памяти

												П	apa	мет	гры														
TPI	эффек-1	1 - hodii	2 и	нтер	1 ойчі хфер здей	иру	ющ		13 Объем непоср. памяти	14 Регуляция и контроль				16 Устойчив. семантич. отнесенн.				17 Синтаг- матиза- ция			н	18 Сохране- ние поряд- ка I тип				19 Сохране- ние поряд ка II тип			
0			K	кол-во ошибок						кол. ош.				кол. ош.							K	кол. ош.			кол. ош			-	
EL,	балл	6213	1 ROCOB	2 BOCING	3 воспр.	4 воспр.	5 воспр.	балл	балл	1 восир.	2 воспр.	3 воспр.	балл	1 воспр.	2 воспр.	-	балл	900	2 BOCHP.		BOCHD.	1	3 восир.	балл	1 восир.	2 воспр.	3 BOCHD.		
IIa																													
Пб																										-			
Пв																													
Средняя оценка по всем тестам																													

Суммарный бал шкалы зрительной памяти

## Russian neuropsychology: Bechterev

- History
- Psychometric approach
- Current representations:
  - Tonkonogy
  - Wasserman
  - Meerson

## IV. Spanish Neuropsychology

- General History
- Barcelona
- Madrid & Granada

## V. North American Neuropsychology

- General History
- Educational Requirements
- Current Trends
- Professional Practice Patterns
- Test Usage
- Reimbursement and National Health Care Policy

# North American Neuropsychology: current trends

- Methodology
- Psych Lit
- Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology (NAN)
- Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society (INS)
- Neuropsychology Review
- Neuropsychology Conferences

#### Current trends

- Abstracted Articles
- Selected Journals
- Neuropsychology Review
- Conferences
- Neuropsychology Listserve

### abstracted articles

- Abstracting Service
  - Psych Info
  - Psych Lit
- Categories Searched
  - Educational/Professional Issues
  - Diagnostic Issues
  - Testing
  - Treatment/Rehabilitation
  - Legal Issues

## topics in Psych Info

- Tests (20%)
- Diagnostic Issues (20%)
- Professional Concerns (12%)
- Rehabilitation (6%)
- Forensics (4%)

## specific topics in Psych Info

- Attentiion
- Problem Solving
- Language
- Premorbid Function
- Violence
- Psychopathology
- Vocational Issues

- Neurotoxicity
- Psychosocial Issues
- Interface with Other Professions

## topics in Psych Lit

- Professional Issues (45%)
- Diagnostic Concerns (21%)
- Testing (10%)
- Rehabilitation (7%)
- Forensics (5%)

## journal review

- Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society (JINS; INS)
- Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology (CAN; NAN)
- Neuropsychology Review (NR; NAN)

# Journal of the International Neuropsychological

- Diagnosis (71%)
- Testing (20%)
- Rehabilitation (5%)
- Professional Issues (<1%)

## Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology

- Testing (40%)
- Diagnostic Issues (40%)
- Professional Issues (10%)
- Rehabilitation (3%)
- Forensics (1%)

## Neuropsychology Review

- Diagnostic Issues (53%)
- Testing (9%)
- Professional Concerns (11%)
- Rehabilitation (9%)
- Forensics (6%)

### conferences

- Division 40- Neuropsychology (APA)
- International Neuropsychological Society (INS)
- National Academy of Neuropsychology (NAN)

### Division 40 conferences

- Diagnostic Issues (51%)
- Testing (21%)
- Rehabilitation (11%)
- Professional Issues (12%)
- Forensics (4%)

## Division 40- diagnostics

- Syndromes
  - Head Injury
  - Dementia
- Developmental
  - Pediatric
  - Aging
- Psychopathology
  - Schizophrenia
  - Depression

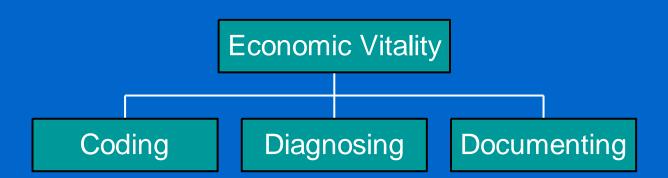
## Neuropsychology Listserv

- Diagnostics (54%)
- Forensic Issues (23%)
- Professional Concerns (9%)
- Testing (7%)

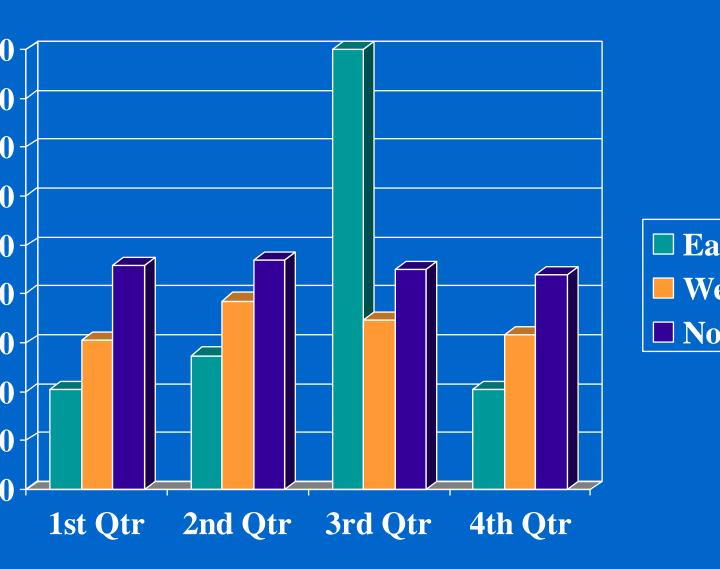
## Neuropsychology Listserv observations

- National to International
- Economic Issues Control the Discipline
- Primary Testing Concerns
   Involve Ecological and
   Criterion Validity
- Rehabilitation is Becoming Increasingly Important
- A Lack of Cohesive Theory Exists

### **Economic Issues**



### Economic Issues



## Test Usage

- Overview of study
- Purpose of study

## study sample I

- Organization: National Academy of Neuropsychology
- Description:
  - Approximately 4,000 members
  - Independent organization dedicated to clinical neuropsychology

## study sample II

#### • Rationale:

- Not an interest group (e.g.,Division 40 of APA)
- Not multidisciplinary (e.g.,International Neuropsychological Society)

## study sample III

- Sample Description
  - 2700= Total members of NAN in 1994
  - 1200= Total # sampled
  - 324= Initial response (27%)
  - 242= Second response (20%)
  - 566= Total responses (47%)
  - 119= Reported <5hrs/week of evaluations</li>
  - 447= Total used from original sample

### introduction

#### Rationale

- HCFA/Third Party Reimbursers
- Establish a baseline of test used with time values

#### Prior Research

- Practice Surveys (e.g., Hartlage, et al; Putnam, et al)
- Test Surveys (e.g., Ball, et al; Lees-Haley, et al)

### results

- Hours Spent Testing
- Percentage of Batteries
- Minutes to Administer
- Percentage of Testing with Computers
- Tests

## results I time spent testing

• Hours	N
<u>%</u>	
• 0-4	116
21	
• 5-9	62
11	
• 10-14	92
16	
• 15-20	105
19	
• >20	188
33	

## results II number & % of batteries

•	Practice Areas	N
•	Maptive 43	194
•	Aphasia 46	205
•	Behavioral Med 28	127
•	Developmental 27	115
•	Intellectual 79	354
•	Neurobehavioral	228

## results III minutes to administer

• Practice AreatseSt	Admin.	
Score Int.		
<ul> <li>Adaptive</li> </ul>	74	32
48		
• Aphasia	61	24
39		
<ul> <li>Behavioral Med</li> </ul>	110	35
58		
<ul> <li>Developmental</li> </ul>	113	36
59		
<ul> <li>Intellectual</li> </ul>	122	34
61		
<ul> <li>Neurobehavioral</li> </ul>	80	26

## results IV testing with computers

•	Activity	<u>%</u>	
•	Administration		2
•	Scoring		10
•	Interpretation	3	

## results V test frequency

- Total # of tests= 102
- Tests used exclusively by neuropsychologists= 8
- Longest tests used=
  - HRNNB (400 mins.)
  - Wechsler Scales (130 mins.)

## results V top 26 tests

- MMPI
- WAIS-R
- WMS-R
- TRAIL MAKING
- FAS WORD
   FLUENCY
- FINGER TAPPING
- HRNB
- BOSTON NAMING
- CATEGORY TEST
- WRAT-R/III
- BECK DEPRESSION
- REY COMPLEX FIGURE TEST
- WISCONSIN CARD SORTING

- CALIFORNIA VERBAL LEARN.
- GROOVED
   PEGBOARD
- WISC-R/III
- APHASIA
   SCREENING TEST
- RORSCHACH INKBLOT
- HOOPER VISUAL ORGAN.
- HAND
   DYNAMOTER
- DEMENTIA RATING SCALE
- STROOP
- PASAT
- MILLON
- BENDER GESTAL •

### summary

- First extended study on:
  - Tests used in clinical practice
  - Overallratings
  - Assessment of time values
- Implications:
  - Clinical Practice
  - Public Policy

## Purpose of Current Study

- Examine Variables Affecting Neuropsychological Performance
- Specifically, Determine
   Whether Anxiety is a Critical
   Variable

### method

- Participants & Groups for Initial and Ongoing Studies
- Neuropsychological Tests
- Procedure

## computerized neuropsychological tests

- Practice Resistant
  - Visual Field Attention
  - Visual-Spatial Memory
  - Decision Time
- Practice Sensitive
  - Rotor Pursuit
  - Paired Associates
  - Digits Backwards

## initial study

- Tests: computerized
- Bypass Patients: N= 21, Age=
  61
- Non-surgery Patients: N= 26,
   Age= 56
- Surgery Patients: N= 8, Age=

## ongoing study

- Tests: Similar computerized
- Bypass Patients: N= 40, Age=
   62, tested between 1 and 30
   days after surgery
- Controls: N= 49, Age= 62, non-hospitalized

### results

- Neuropsychological Findings
- Role of Anxiety

## initial study: NP results

- Bypass: Mixed results
  - − 4 Tests= Slight Improvement
  - 2 Tests= Poorer
- Non-Surgery Combined: Improved
  - − 4 Tests= Improved
  - − 2 Tests= Same

## initial study

- Measure: Mean Change Score on State Anxiety
- Bypass: -5.1 (11.8)
- Non-Surgery: 2.62 (7.7)
- Surgery: -.13 (5.1)

## initial study (cont)

• Bypass: 39.4 35.3

• Non-Surgery: 36.7 39.4

• Surgery: 34.5 34.4

### initial results (cont)

- Pearson Product-Moment Correlations:
- Significant between several neuropsychological tests
- Non-significant between State Anxiety scores and any neuropsychological test score

### ongoing study: NP Rslt.

- Pre-operatively: No group differences
- Post-operatively:
  - Bypass Worse than Controls
  - Non-verbal worse than Nonverbal

### ongoing study

- Measure: Standard scores
- Pre-operative: Non-significant but higher scores for bypass
- Post-operative: Non-significant but higher scores for controls; however, significant treatment X session interaction (p.0054)

### ongoing study

- Measure: Standard scores
- Pre-operative: Non-significant but higher scores for bypass
- Post-operative: Non-significant but higher scores for controls; however, significant treatment X session interaction (p.0054)

### discussion

- Summary of Initial Study
- Summary of Ongoing Study
- Implications for the Study of Anxiety & Cognition

### VI. Common Variables

- Positive Aspects
- Negative Concerns

### Negative concerns

- Economic Vs. Empirical Principles
- Egos Vs. Issues
- Culturally-Implicit Restrictions
- Intellectual Imperialism

#### VII. Common Outcomes

- Culturally Sensitive
- Culturally Specific
- Neuropsychology as the measurement of cultural knowledge Vs.
   Neuropsychology as the measurement of cognitive capacity

# VIII. Proposal for a More Universal Neuropsychology

- Standardized Nomenclature
- Standardized Protocols
- Cognitive Equivalance
- Normative & Shared-data Bases
- Implicit Abolition of Natural & Cultural Boundaries
- Development of Universal Theories
- Value for Society

# IX. Case Studies/Examples

- A.. Ardila and colleagues
- J. Glozman/D. Tupper
- E. O. Wilson
- R. W. Sperry

### X. Why Here?

- The Super Neuropsychological Powers & the Lack of Progress
- SLAN & Other Groups
- Latin America as a Proving Ground

## XI. Why Now?

- Y2K
- Y6B
- New Milleneum

### XI. Musings

- Summary
- Conclusions
- Directions
- Questions & Tomatoes

### Musings: summary

- Russian, European, & North American neuropsychology
- Limitations of current practice
   & theory
- Alternative perspectives

### Musings: directions

- Neuropsychology is a hybrid discipline
- Neuropsychology should be available exclusion/fragmentation should be avoided
- Ignored disciplines must be integrated
- Historical & philosophical underpinnings must be understood
- The subjective should be

### Musings: conclusions

- Is neuropsychology nothing more than:
  - a discipline for highly developed countries?
  - a field for egos in which to battle personal agendas?
  - an understanding of an individual of the cultural context of cognitive activity?
  - an over-valued and under-studied discipline?
  - Of little value to the common person & society?

# Musings: questions and tomatoes

• ?s

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